

California State University, Long Beach

Department of Mathematics and Statistics

Complex Analysis Comprehensive Examination

February 20th, 2021

On the first page of your work, please write the numbers of the problems that you want graded.

Do three problems from each part, for a total of six problems.

PART A

A1. Suppose f is analytic in a region Ω and $\operatorname{Re} f = \operatorname{Im} f$. Use Cauchy-Riemann equations to show that f must be a constant in Ω .

A2. (a) Classify the singularities of the function $e^{1/z}$ at $z = 0$.

(b) Evaluate $\int_{\Gamma} e^{1/z} dz$, where Γ is the unit circle, traversed once counterclockwise.

A3. Let $f(z) = \frac{1}{z^2 + 2z}$. Expand f in its Laurent series that is centered at zero and that converges when $|z| < 3$.

A4. Show that $z^4 + 2z^2 - z + 1$ has exactly one root in the first quadrant. Use the argument principle.

A5. Evaluate $\int_C (z^4 + 1)^{-1} dz$. The contour C is the imaginary axis, oriented upwards.

PART B

- B1. Let f be entire. Prove that if f has infinitely many distinct zeros in the open unit disk, then $f(z)$ is identically 0.
- B2. Use Liouville's theorem to prove the following statement. If $f(z)$ is entire and there is a nonempty disk such that $f(z)$ does not attain any value in the disk, then $f(z)$ is constant.
- B3. Show that a Moebius transformation has either one or two fixed points on the extended complex plane \mathbb{C}^* . Which ones have ∞ as a fixed point? Prove your answer.
- B4. Suppose that $f(z)$ is analytic on $\{|z| < 1\}$ and continuous on $\{|z| \leq 1\}$. Suppose that $f(z)$ is real-valued for all $|z| = 1$. Show that f is constant for all $|z| \leq 1$. [Hint: one way to do this would be to consider $g(z) = e^{if(z)}$.]
- B5. Let $f(z)$ and $g(z)$ be analytic in a bounded region D and continuous on $D \cup \partial D$. If $f(z) = g(z)$ on the boundary ∂D , show that $f(z) = g(z)$ on D .