# Math 123: Calculus on Parametric Curves 

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## Outline

(1) Parametric Curves
(2) Derivatives of parametric curves

## Parametric Curves

Curves in the plane that are not graphs of functions can often be represented by parametric curves.

## Definition

A parametric curve in the $x y$-plane is given by $x=f(t)$ and $y=g(t)$ for $t \in[a, b]$.

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Example: Find the parametric equation for the portion of the circle of radius $R$ in the 3rd quadrant. Give the terminal point and the initial point.

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Example: Find the parametric equation for the unit circle in the plane.
Example: Find the parametric equation for the portion of the circle of radius $R$ in the 3rd quadrant. Give the terminal point and the initial point.
Example: All graphs of functions in can be represented as a parametric curve.

## Awesome Examples

Cycloid:

$$
(t-\sin (t), 1-\cos (t))
$$

An Epitrochiod:

$$
\left(11 \cos (t)-6 \cos \left(\frac{11}{6} t\right), 11 \sin (t)-6 \sin \left(\frac{11}{6} t\right)\right)
$$

Wolfram Breaker:

$$
\left(\sin (t)+\frac{1}{2} \sin (5 t)+\frac{1}{4} \cos (2.3 t), \cos (t)+\frac{1}{2} \cos (5 t)+\frac{1}{4} \sin (2.3 t)\right)
$$

## Derivatives of Parametric Curves

If $y$ is a differentiable function of $x$ and $t$ and $x$ is a differentiable function of $t$ then

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\frac{d y}{d x}=\frac{\frac{d y}{d t}}{\frac{d x}{d t}}
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when $\frac{d x}{d t} \neq 0$.

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Example: Derive this formula from the chain rule.
Example: Find the points on the cycloid with horizontal tangent lines.

## Area and Parametric curves

## Theorem

If the graph of $y=F(x)$ on $[a, b]$ is parameterized by $x=f(t)$ and $y=g(t)$ for $t \in[\alpha, \beta]$ then

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A=\int_{a}^{b} y d x=\int_{\alpha}^{\beta} g(t) f^{\prime}(t) d t
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Example: Find the area under one arch of the cycloid.

## Arc length for parameterized curves

## Theorem

Given a curve $C=(f(t), g(t))$ with $t \in[\alpha, \beta]$, then the length of $C$ is

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L=\int_{\alpha}^{\beta} \sqrt{\frac{d x^{2}}{d t}+\frac{d y^{2}}{d t}}
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Example: Derive this formula from the definition of integral and the Pythagorean theorem.

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Example: Derive this formula from the definition of integral and the Pythagorean theorem. Example: Find the length of one arch of the cycloid.

