## Unsigned 8-bit Division

Write a function named Div8 to divide an unsigned 16 bit number by an unsigned 8 bit number. Test your function by writing a program named Div8_test to test the subroutine Div8 by dividing the 16 -bit-number: 0xAAAA by the 8 -bit-number $0 x 55$.

In this solution, I am defining registers r 5 to r 0 , as $\mathrm{QH}, \mathrm{QL}, \mathrm{DIV}$, NH, and NL respectively. Where Q stands for Quotient (the output), DIV is the divisor (the denominator), and N stands for the Numerator (the divisor). No SRAM variables are used in this solution

|  | Watch |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Div8_test | Name | Value |  | Type | Location |
| ldi r16,0xAA | NL | 0x00 |  | Register | R0 |
| mov NL, r16 | NH | 0x00 | '' | Register | R1 |
| ldi r16,0x55 | DIV | 0x00 | '' | Register | R3 |
| mov DIV, r16 | QL | 0x00 | '' | Register | R4 |
| rjmp Div8_test | QH | 0x00 |  | Register | R5 |

Figure 1 Start of unsigned 8-bit Division test program with all registers cleared (reset condition).

|  | Div8_test | Name | Value |  | Type | Location |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 16, 0xAA | NL | OxAA | '2' | Register | R0 |
|  | mov NL, r16 | NH | 0xAA | '2' | Register | R1 |
|  | ldi r16,0x55 | DIV | 0x55 | 'U' | Register | R3 |
| $\stackrel{\nu}{1}$ | mov DIV, 11 | QL | 0x00 | '' | Register | R4 |
|  | rjmp Div8_test | QH | 0x00 | '' | Register | R5 |

Figure 2 Just before call to Div8, with $N=0 x A A A A\left(43,690_{10}\right)$ and DIV $=0 \times 55$ ( $85_{10}$ ).


Figure 3 End of unsigned 8-bit Division test program with Q containing 0x0202 (514 ${ }_{10}$ ).

