

## ConvertFtoC

Write a subroutine that convert a temperature reading in Fahrenheit (variable F) to Celsius (Variable C).

## Using Fmax value (255)

```
.DSEG
    C: .BYTE 1
    F: .BYTE 1

.CSEG

.DEF Denominator=R19
.DEF Quotient=R22

.ORG 0x0000

//input a Fahrenheit value into r17
TestConvertFtoC:
    ldi r17,255
    sts F, R17
    //call subroutine ConvertFtoC
    rcall ConvertFtoC
    rjmp TestConvertFtoC

*****  

* subroutine converts a temperature reading in Fahrenheit (variable F) to Celsius (variable C).  

* ( $^{\circ}\text{F} - 32$ )  $\times \frac{5}{9} = ^{\circ}\text{C}$   

* Range of  $^{\circ}\text{F}$  (32 to 255) therefore  $^{\circ}\text{C}$ max is 123.8  

*****  

ConvertFtoC:
    //Load the  $^{\circ}\text{F}$  value into r18
    lds r18, F
    //Input the constant value 18 in reg. 16
    ldi r16, 32
    //This part calculates  $(^{\circ}\text{F}-32)$ 
    sub r18, r16
    ldi r20, 5
    //This part calculates  $(^{\circ}\text{F}-32)*5$ 
    mul r18, r20
    //move the products into r25H and r24L
    movw r25:r24, r1:r0
    //input the denominator into r19
    ldi Denominator, 9
    //call the 16 bit by 8 bit division
    rcall Div16_8
    sts C, r22
    ret


```

Watch				
Name	Value	Type	Location	
F	255 'ÿ'	SRAM	Locat: 0x0101 [SRAM]	
C	123 '('	SRAM	Locat: 0x0100 [SRAM]	
r24	8 '■'	Register	R24	

Watch 1 Watch 2 Watch 3 Watch 4

## Using Fmin value (32)

```
.DSEG
    C: .BYTE 1
    F: .BYTE 1

.CSEG

.DEF Denominator=R19
.DEF Quotient=R22

.ORG 0x0000

//input a Fahrenheit value into r17
TestConvertFtoC:
    ldi r17,32
    sts F, R17
    //call subroutine ConvertFtoC
    rcall ConvertFtoC
    rjmp TestConvertFtoC

/****************************************
* subroutine converts a temperature reading in Fahrenheit (variable F) to Celsius (variable
* ( $^{\circ}\text{F} - 32$ )  $\times \frac{5}{9}$  =  $^{\circ}\text{C}$ 
* Range of  $^{\circ}\text{F}$  (32 to 255) therefore  $^{\circ}\text{Cmax}$  is 123.8
****************************************/

ConvertFtoC:
    //Load the  $^{\circ}\text{F}$  value into r18
    lds r18, F
    //Input the constant value 18 in reg. 16
    ldi r16, 32
    //This part calculates  $(^{\circ}\text{F}-32)$ 
    sub r18, r16
    ldi r20, 5
    //This part calculates  $(^{\circ}\text{F}-32)*5$ 
    mul r18, r20
    //move the products into r25H and r24L
    movw r25:r24, r1:r0
    //input the denominator into r19
    ldi Denominator, 9
    //call the 16 bit by 8 bit division
    rcall Div16_8
    sts C, r22
    ret


```

Name	Value	Type	Location
F	32 ''	SRAM	Locat: 0x0101 [SRAM]
C	0 ''	SRAM	Locat: 0x0100 [SRAM]
r24	0 ''	Register	R24

[Watch 1](#) [Watch 2](#) [Watch 3](#) [Watch 4](#)

## F random value (124)

```

INCLUDE <m328pdef.inc>

.DSEG
    C: .BYTE 1
    F: .BYTE 1

.CSEG

.DEF Denominator=R19
.DEF Quotient=R22

.ORG 0x0000

//input a Fahrenheit value into r17
TestConvertFtoC:
    ldi r17,124
    sts F, R17
    //call subroutine ConvertFtoC
    rcall ConvertFtoC
    rjmp TestConvertFtoC

/*****
 * subroutine converts a temperature reading in Fahrenheit (variable F) to Celsius (variable C).
 * ( $^{\circ}\text{F} - 32$ )  $\times \frac{5}{9} = ^{\circ}\text{C}$ 
 * Range of  $^{\circ}\text{F}$  (32 to 255) therefore  $^{\circ}\text{Cmax}$  is 123.8
 *****/
ConvertFtoC:
    //Load the  $^{\circ}\text{F}$  value into r18
    lds r18,F
    //Input the constant value 18 in reg. 16
    ldi r16, 32
    //This part calculates  $(^{\circ}\text{F}-32)$ 
    sub r18, r16
    ldi r20, 5
    //This part calculates  $(^{\circ}\text{F}-32)*5$ 
    mul r18, r20
    //move the products into r25H and r24L
    movw r25:r24, r1:r0
    //input the denominator into r19
    ldi Denominator, 9
    //call the 16 bit by 8 bit division
    rcall Div16_8
    sts C, r22
    ret

    Watch
    Name      Value      Type      Location
    F        124 '|'|  SRAM Locat: 0x0101 [SRAM]
    C        51 '|3'|  SRAM Locat: 0x0100 [SRAM]
    r24      1 '| '|  Register   R24
    Watch 1 Watch 2 Watch 3 Watch 4

```